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THE URBAN DISTRICT
of
HALTEMPRICE



ANNUAL REPORT

— of —

THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

For the Year ended 31st December

1960

THE URBAN DISTRICT OF HALTEMPRICE

LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

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Vice-Chairman of the Council:

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Councillors

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BRIGGS L. S.
BRUTON J. K.
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Councillor R. B. WALGATE (*Vice-Chairman*)

Councillors

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HILTON F. E.
LONGDEN (Miss) C. D. M.

Councillors

PYCOCK (Mrs.) A. W.
ROCKLEY K. J.
WILSON T. W.

OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Council:

A. B. GLASSPOOL, F.C.C.S.

Medical Officer of Health:

L. N. GOULD, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Chief Public Health Inspector:

F. RHODES, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspectors:

W. HALL, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., A.M.I.P.H.E.

A. E. BRABBS, M.A.P.H.I.

R. S. TINDELL, M.A.P.H.I. (Commenced 7/6/60).

Chief Clerk:

MRS. M. WHITE

Clerk and Typist:

MRS. E. P. BROMWICH

To the Chairman and Members of the
Urban District Council of Haltemprice

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit this my ninth joint Annual Report in conjunction with the Chief Public Health Inspector, on the sanitary circumstances and the state of the public health in the district during 1960.

Vital Statistics

The birth rate continues to show an upward trend and has reached 17.53 per thousand of the population, just above the national level. The number of illegitimate births has risen to a total of twenty during the year and may be indicative of a new problem to be faced. The infant mortality has fallen to a satisfactory level of 13.15 per thousand live births.

Suicides

There has been an increase in the number of suicides during the year to a total of six.

Cancer

The overall death rate from cancer continues to decline slowly but it is noteworthy that the number of deaths from lung cancer has again increased and still remains predominately a disease of the male sex.

Infectious Disease

It is pleasing to be able to report that there was no serious outbreak of infectious disease in the district.

I am again grateful to Dr. McCoy of the Public Health Laboratory who has investigated milks, foods and other samples on behalf of this authority.

I would like to express my thanks to the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their encouragement, to the officials of the Council and the staff of the Health Department, all of whom have earned my gratitude for their valuable assistance during the year.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

L. N. GOULD

Medical Officer of Health.

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SECTION A

VITAL STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

	1960		1959		1958	
	Rate for		Rate for		Rate for	
	England & Wales	Haltemprice	England & Wales	Haltemprice	England & Wales	Haltemprice
Area of Haltemprice in acres		9,026		9,026		9,026
Estimated mid year population (Reg. General)		41,340		40,910		40,130
Number of Inhabited dwellings (taken for Rate books each year end)		13,678		13,167		13,014
Rateable Value at year end		£496,006		£493,168		£467,380
Sum represented by Penny Rate (to year end 31/3/60)		£1,923		£1877.18.4d		£1841.8.5d
Number of Marriages solemnised		264		229		233
Marriage Rate	15.0	6.39	15.0	5.59	15.1	5.86
LIVE BIRTHS -						
Legitimate Male		333		327		335
Legitimate Female		331		304		290
Illegitimate Male		12		3		5
Illegitimate Female		8		3		7
Total Live Births in the year		684		637		637
Crude Birth Rate per thousand population	17.1	16.54	16.5	15.56	16.4	15.12
Adjusted Birth Rate		17.53		16.49		16.02
Illegitimate Live Births % of total live births		2.93%		.94%		1.89%
STILL BIRTHS -						
Legitimate Male		5		6		9
Legitimate Female		5		5		7
Illegitimate Male		0		0		0
Illegitimate Female		0		0		0
Grand Total Still Births		10		11		16
Rate per 1,000 total births (live and still)	19.7	14.40	20.7	16.97		24.34
Rate per thousand population		.24		.26		.39

	1960		1959		1958	
	Rate for		Rate for		Rate for	
	England & Wales	Haltemprice	England & Wales	Haltemprice	England & Wales	Haltemprice
<i>DEATHS (all causes)</i>						
Male	...	218	...	267	...	250
Female	...	214	...	186	...	212
Total Deaths all Causes	...	432	...	453	...	462
Crude Death Rate per 1,000 population...	11.5	10.45	11.6	11.07	11.7	11.51
Adjusted Death Rate	...	10.45	...	11.07	...	10.70
Natural increase of population during year
(From Registrar General mid year population estimate)	...	430	...	780	...	760

<i>INFANT MORTALITY -</i>						
Deaths of infants under 1 year -						
Legitimate Male	...	1	...	8	...	10
Legitimate Female	...	7	...	5	...	5
Illegitimate Male	...	1	...	-	...	1
Illegitimate Female	...	-	...	-	...	-
Grand Total Infant Deaths	...	9	...	13	...	16
Death Rate of Infants under 1 year per thousand						
live births -	...	...	...	...	...	...
All Infants	21.7	13.15	22.0	20.40	22.6	25.11
Legitimate Infants	...	11.69	...	20.40	...	23.54
Illegitimate Infants	...	1.46	...	-	...	1.56
<i>NEO-NATAL MORTALITY (Deaths under 1 month of age) -</i>						
Male	...	2	...	6	...	11
Female	...	6	...	2	...	3
Total Deaths	...	8	...	8	...	14
Death Rate per 1,000 Live Births	11.69	...	12.55	...	16.2	21.97

		1960		1959		1958	
		England & Wales	Rate for	England & Wales	Rate for	England & Wales	Rate for
		Haltemprice		Haltemprice		Haltemprice	

MATERNAL MORTALITY -

Deaths from all causes (Pregnancy, Childbirth and Abortion)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Death Rate per 1,000 live and still births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DEATHS FROM DIARRHOEA -

	(including gastritis and enteritis)						
Male	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Female	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DEATHS FROM CANCER -

Male	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Female	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Death Rate per 1,000 population	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DEATHS FROM PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS -

Male	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Female	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Death Rate per 1,000 population	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Diphtheria

Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rate per 1,000 population	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Measles and Whooping Cough

Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rate per 1,000 population	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

CAUSES OF DEATH

	1960			1959			1958		
	M	F	Total	M	F	Total	M	F	Total
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory	-	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	5
2. Tuberculosis, other ..	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
3. Syphilitic Disease ..	1	2	3	2	-	2	1	-	1
4. Diphtheria ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Whooping Cough ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal Infection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Acute Poliomyelitis ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. Measles ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases ..	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
10. Malignant Neoplasm Stomach	6	6	12	9	3	12	5	7	12
11. Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus ..	21	1	22	14	1	15	12	2	14
12. Malignant Neoplasm, Breast	-	5	5	-	4	4	-	9	9
13. Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus	-	4	4	-	7	7	-	5	5
14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms ..	14	14	28	34	15	49	28	27	55
15. Leukaemia, Aleukaemia	-	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	1
16. Diabetes ..	-	3	3	-	1	1	-	-	-
17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System ..	31	39	70	34	38	72	33	29	62
18. Coronary disease, Angina	48	28	76	55	25	80	56	27	83
19. Hypertension with heart disease ..	1	9	10	4	4	8	5	3	8
20. Other heart diseases ..	19	35	54	30	30	60	26	33	59
21. Other circulatory diseases	11	7	18	7	9	16	10	9	19
22. Influenza ..	1	-	1	6	-	6	-	-	-
23. Pneumonia ..	11	11	22	14	10	24	11	12	23
24. Bronchitis ..	15	11	26	15	6	21	16	6	22
25. Other diseases of Respiratory System ..	1	1	2	2	3	5	1	4	5
26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum ..	1	1	2	4	-	4	1	-	1
27. Gastritis, Enteritis, Diarrhoea ..	3	-	3	1	-	1	1	2	3
28. Nephritis and Nephrosis	2	2	4	2	1	3	3	2	5
29. Hyperplasia of Prostate	2	-	2	6	-	6	7	-	7
30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion ..	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
31. Congenital Malformation	3	2	5	2	1	3	2	2	4
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases ..	16	20	36	11	13	24	19	24	43
33. Motor Vehicle Accidents	3	3	6	4	-	4	3	2	5
34. All Other Accidents	3	4	7	8	9	17	5	5	10
35. Suicide ..	4	2	6	1	2	3	1	-	1
36. Homicide and Operations of War ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All Causes	218	214	432	267	186	453	250	212	462

AGE DISTRIBUTION OF DEATHS FOR 1960

Age Group	Male	Female	Total
Under 1 year	2	7	9
1 - 4 years	2	-	2
5 - 14 years	1	3	4
15 - 24 years	1	1	2
25 - 44 years	4	6	10
45 - 64 years	65	27	92
65 and over	127	127	254
Age Unknown	16	43	59
Total	218	214	432

CAUSE AND AGE DISTRIBUTION OF INFANTS' DEATHS

(under 1 year)

Cause	Age Distribution								
	Under 1 week	1 - 2 weeks	2 - 3 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	TOTAL	1 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 9 months	9 - 12 months
Haemorrhage	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Congenital hydrocephalus	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Cerebral haemorrhage	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Broncho pneumonia ...	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
Duodenal atresia ...	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Toxaemia	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Atelectasis	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-

SECTION B

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Medical Officer Health Residence	67, Swanland Road, Hessle. Tel. 61959
Office.	Health Department, Anlaby House, Anlaby. Tel. 58445

LABORATORY FACILITIES

Are available at the Public Health Laboratory, 184, High Street, Hull, Tel. 35371 and at the Beverley Area Laboratory, Westwood Hospital, Beverley, Tel. 82234.

CLINICS

Under the East Riding County Council, the following clinic facilities are available to residents in the district -

(a) Infant Welfare Clinics	Hessle - Church Hall, every Tuesday and Friday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	Willerby - Memorial Hall, every Wednesday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	Anlaby - New Methodist Rooms, Hull Road, every Thursday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	Cottingham - New Clinic, King Street, every Tues- day and Thursday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
Ante Natal Relaxation Clinics.	Anlaby - New Methodist Rooms, Hull Road, every Monday, 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	Hessle - Church Hall, every Wednesday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
	Cottingham - New Clinic, King Street, every Monday, 2.30 to 4 p.m.

(b) School Health Services -

Minor Ailment Clinics

Hessle - Penshurst School
Clinic (every Monday and
Thursday) 9.30 to 10.30
a.m.

Hessle C. E. Infants School,
10.45 a.m. to 12 noon

Cottingham - New Clinic,
King Street, Monday, 1.30
to 2.30 p.m. Thursday,
9.30 to 11.00 a.m.

Speech Therapy Clinics
(*by appointment only*)

Hessle - Hessle C. E. Junior
School, Monday a.m. and
Tuesday p.m.
Penshurst School, Monday,
p.m.

Cottingham - New Clinic,
King Street, Tuesday a.m.

Ophthalmic Clinic
(Specialist services
through Regional Hospital
Board). (*By appointment only*).

Hessle - Penshurst School,
one whole day each month
(Wednesday).

Dental Clinic
(*By appointment through
the schools*).

There is no static dental
clinic in the area, but a
dental service for nursing
and expectant mothers and
school children is arranged
by means of mobile dental
caravans.

REGIONAL HOSPITAL BOARD

In addition to the Consultant Out Patient Clinics held in the hospitals, the two following clinics are also available:-

Tuberculosis	Chest Clinic, Beverley - Westwood Hospital, Thursday afternoons. Hull - Coltman Street, Monday mornings and Friday after- noons.
Venereal Disease	Hull - Mill Street Clinic, daily.
Ambulance Service	Telephone 81198

This service is the responsibility of the East Riding County Council. All cases are conveyed by means of County Council ambulances from Beverley and Hessle.

SECTION C

WATER SUPPLIES

Routine bacteriological sampling of waters from private bores and wells was continued during the year and samples of the mains water were submitted also for examination.

The bacteriological results were as follows:-

	Results of Samples			
	From Mains	From Bores Etc.	Other Sources	Total Taken
Satisfactory	7	29	-	36
Unsatisfactory	-	4	-	4
Total	7	33	-	40

The four unsatisfactory results were in respect of waters from three separate premises. The use of one pump which served nine houses and accounted for two of the bad reports has now been discontinued as a result of Housing Act action in regard to these houses. The result at one of the other houses was thought to be due to repairs which had been carried out to the pump shortly before the sample was taken and subsequent samples were satisfactory. The third bad report was in respect of a house which has not previously given a poor result and here again, it is thought that the tap from which the water was taken was not sufficiently clean. Later sampling was satisfactory.

A chemical analysis of a sample of mains water taken at a point in Cottingham was obtained and the results were as follows:-

Appearance	Clear and colourless
Suspended matter	None
Odour	None
	PARTS PER MILLION
Free chlorine	None
Nitrites	None
Ammoniacal Nitrogen	
as N	0.002

Albuminoid Nitrogen	
as N	None
Total hardness	255
Oxygen absorbed (4hrs.	
at 80°F)	0.175
Chlorides, expressed as	
chlorine	21
Lead etc.	None

These results are indicative of a satisfactory drinking water.

During 1960, a 6³³ diameter water main was laid in Southwood Road, Cottingham, from The Parkway to St. Margaret's Avenue. This main has improved the supply to consumers in that area. In addition, new development in Cottingham has been provided with supply.

The water supplies for the area were quite satisfactory as to quality and quantity. Approximately 150 of the inhabited dwellings in the area are supplied by standpipes in the yards or by private bores.

SECTION D

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

The Cottingham Link sewer scheme was begun in September. This scheme will relieve drainage in the west of Cottingham and will also take in the Snuff Mill Lane beck from Wood Lane to Bricknell Avenue and along Hull Road, Cottingham. It is anticipated that the scheme will be completed during 1961.

The arrangements for sewage disposal throughout the district are adequate with the minor exception of a number of houses in the Dunswell area which have not yet been connected to the new sewerage scheme.

SECTION E

HOUSING

			1960	1959
Houses built by the Council during the year	...	...	74	119
One bedroom flats	...	...	8	22
Two bedroom houses	...	...	22	34
Three bedroom houses	...	...	36	63
Four bedroom houses	...	...	8	-
Houses built by private enterprise	...	...	292	287
Estimated number of houses to be built in 1961:-				
By the Council	...	...	64	
By private enterprise	...	...	250	

SECTION F

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

FOOD POISONING:

1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
4	5	15	7	31

OUTBREAKS DUE TO IDENTIFIED AGENTS

Total Outbreaks	Total Cases
3	6

OUTBREAKS DUE TO UNDISCOVERED CAUSE

Total Outbreaks	Total Cases
1	4

SINGLE CASES

Agent	Identified	Unknown Cause	Total
	21	-	21

NOTIFICATIONS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE

(a) GENERAL

	Total Notified 1960	Total Notified 1959	Total Notified 1958
Scarlet Fever	72	55	87
Diphtheria	-	-	1
Enteric Fever (Typhoid)	-	1	1
Paratyphoid Fever	-	-	4
Pneumonia	14	22	28
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	1	1
Whooping Cough	56	23	21
Measles	19	500	591
Erysipelas	1	3	6
Acute Polio-Encephalitis	-	-	1
x Acute Poliomyelitis (Paralytic)	1	-	8
Acute Poliomyelitis (Non Paralytic)	-	-	7
ø Dysentery	185	458	286
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	1	-	1
* Food Poisoning or Suspected Food Poisoning	31	33	92
x Meningococcal Infection	1	2	-

* 19 cases notified to this district but occurred outside included in the figure 31.

x Notified to this district but occurred outside.

ø 3 cases notified to this district but occurred outside included in the figure 185.

(b) TUBERCULOSIS

Age Period	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Total
	M	F	M	F	
0 - 1 year	-	-	-	1	1
2 - 5 years	1	-	-	-	1
6 - 15 years	-	3	-	-	3
16 - 25 years	3	3	-	3	9
26 - 35 years	5	4	-	-	9
36 - 45 years	3	7	1	-	11
46 - 55 years	4	2	-	-	6
56 - 65 years	2	1	-	-	3
66 and over	1	-	-	-	1
Age unknown	-	-	-	1	1
Total	19	20	1	5	45

COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR THE LAST FOUR YEARS

Year	Total New Cases	Deaths
1957	54	3
1958	35	5
1959	44	3
1960	45	2

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Total
	M	F	M	F	
Number of cases on the Register at 31st December, 1959 ...	129	119	19	17	284
Added to the Register:-					
(a) cases notified for the first time during the year ...	14	11	1	4	30
(b) un-notified cases brought to notice otherwise than by formal notifications ...	5	9	-	1	15
Removed from the Register on account of death, change of address etc.	32	30	1	4	67
Number of cases on the Register at 31st December, 1960 ...	116	109	19	18	262

LOCAL RAINFALL RETURNS

Month	Average Rainfall in Inches, 1960	Average Rainfall in Inches, 1959	Average Rainfall in Inches for Five Previous Years
January	5.30	2.39	2.56
February	1.99	0.33	2.24
March	1.21	1.40	1.72
April	1.05	2.76	1.32
May	1.07	0.58	1.63
June	0.48	1.41	2.29
July	4.03	1.77	2.81
August	3.43	0.42	2.70
September	2.63	0.23	1.61
October	6.36	2.04	1.88
November	4.54	3.39	1.83
December	3.22	3.90	2.99
Total Average for Year	35.31	20.62	25.43

The average rainfall in inches is taken from the readings obtained at ten weather stations scattered throughout the East Riding.

INCIDENCE OF THE PRINCIPAL NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

Disease	Quarterly Returns				Under 1 yr	1-2 yrs.	3-4 yrs.	5-9 yrs.	10-14 yrs.	15-24 yrs.	25 & over	Age Unknown
	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	4th.								
Scarlet Fever	28	24	7	13		6	13	38	8	6	-	1
Whooping Cough	12	22	19	3	4	10	8	30	1	1	1	1
Measles	-	3	9	7	-	7	8	4	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	70	32	44	39	6	23	12	26	16	10	50	42
Meningococcal Infection	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Disease	Quarterly Returns				Total	Under 5 yrs.	5-14 yrs.	15-44 yrs.	45-64 yrs.	65 and over	Age Unknown
	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	4th.							
Acute Pneumonia	4	8	-	2	14	2	2	-	7	3	-
Typhoid Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelas	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-
Food Poisoning	4	5	15	7	31	17	4	6	2	2	-

SECTION G

FOOD - PREMISES AND INSPECTION

(a) PREMISES.

The frequent inspection of food preparation premises and food shops must be one of the department's most important duties and as much time as possible is given to this work.

It was not found necessary to take legal action with respect to unsatisfactory state of any food premises. Informal notices were served, however, dealing with items of maintenance or improvement which required the attention of the occupiers. These approaches met with the full co-operation of the traders concerned.

(b) INSPECTION.

As in previous years, regular visits were paid to the premises of the food wholesalers in the district at their request.

As a result of these visits and because of the voluntary surrender of foodstuffs from retailers, the following articles were condemned as unfit during the year:-

Amount Condemned.

Articles	1960	1959
Tinned meat	1136 tins	1419 tins
Tinned fish	313 tins	329 tins
Tinned milk	341 tins	431 tins
Tinned fruit and vegetables	4865 tins	6568 tins
Bacon	94 lbs.	-
Chickens	40 lbs.	-
Herrings	3 stones	-
Cod roes	6 stones	-
Sultanas	60 lbs.	-

Total weight of food surrendered

1960 3 tons 15 cwts. 0 qrs. 1st. 5lbs.

1959 4 tons 14 cwts. 3 qrs. 0 st. 8 lbs.

A considerable decrease may be seen in the amount of tinned goods condemned in 1960 compared with the previous year and in the total weight condemned. A similar fall took place in 1959 when comparing that year with 1958.

It was not found necessary to seize any foods as unfit during the year.

Two incidents were reported to the department during the year involving the sale of food in an unsatisfactory condition. In both cases, because of the circumstances, it was decided to deal informally with the people concerned. In one case, a steak and kidney pie had traces of mould showing when bought and in the other, a carton of potted meat was found to be sour.

As may be seen from the following table, the routine sampling of various types of foods for bacteriological purposes was continued in 1960.

With one exception, all the samples sent in proved to be quite satisfactory. The one failure was an iced lolly. This was an unexplained incident and samples taken of the same product before and after this one were perfectly satisfactory.

The details of the foods sampled were as follows:-

Article	Total Taken	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
Pork and meat pies	20	20	-
Sausage rolls	9	9	-
Meat pastes etc.	8	8	-
Prepared meats	24	24	-
Sausages	12	12	-
Fish cakes and pastes	5	5	-
Butter cream	1	1	-
Synthetic cream	12	12	-
Ice cream	19	19	-
Iced lollies	25	24	1
Fresh cream	1	1	-
Dessicated coconut	3	3	-
Totals	139	138	1

In addition to the above foods, the bacteriological examination of local milk supplies was also arranged and the following table sets out the results:-

GRADE	PASSED	FAILED	TOTAL TAKEN
PASTEURISED	23	-	23
STERILISED	16	-	16
T. T.	14	2	16
TOTAL	53	2	55

The two failures occurred in the supplies from one dairy. Advice was given regarding bottle washing techniques and later samples proved quite satisfactory.

(c) SLAUGHTERHOUSES.

Following preliminary enquiries made during 1959, the final report on the slaughterhouse facilities in the area called for by the Minister under the Slaughterhouses Act of 1958, was presented to the Council in April, 1960. This was approved and sent on to the Minister who, in turn, accepted the report without amendment. This confirmed the 1st April, 1961, as the date on which all slaughterhouses in the area must comply fully with the new regulations.

It is interesting to recall that, in 1939, nineteen slaughterhouses were in use. The majority of these premises were, of course, occupied by the family butcher, killing perhaps, one or two beasts per week together with a few sheep and pigs. The war period caused great changes and ultimately resulted in the number of premises regularly used after decontrol being reduced to six.

In their turn, the new regulations have further reduced the number of butchers wishing to carry on their own killing and it is likely that four slaughterhouses will be used in this district after the appointed day.

As in previous years, it was found possible to examine all the animals killed for food in the various private slaughterhouses. Once again, this has been accomplished without resorting to overtime or weekend inspection because of the co-operation which the authority has received from the local butchers in arranging mutually convenient inspection times.

The following table sets out, in detail, the amount of meat killed and inspected during the year together with the particulars of the amount rejected as diseased or unfit.

Carcases and Offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part

	Cattle exclg. Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Sows and Boars	Porkers
Number killed	537	364	5	3,739	1,163	1,396
Number inspected	537	364	5	3,739	1,163	1,396
<i>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci:-</i>						
Whole carcases condemned	-	2	-	49	2	2
Carcases in which some part or organ was condemned	75	61	-	87	18	15
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than T.B. and cysticerci	13.96%	17.31%	-	3.63%	1.72%	1.22%
<i>Tuberculosis only</i>						
Whole carcases condemned	-	-	-	-	1	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	5	31	-	-	90	42
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	.93%	8.52%	-	-	7.82%	3.01%
<i>Cysticercosis</i>						
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	1	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	1	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

Total weight condemned:-

Meat - 3 tons 5 cwts. 3 qrs. 1 st. 8 lbs.

Offal - 2 tons 7 cwts. 1 qr. 1 st. 7 lbs.

(d) MILK PRODUCTION

At the end of 1960, there were twenty-eight farms in the area producing milk for sale. This was a reduction of five in the figure for 1959. At the same time, twelve of these producers held T.T. designated licences.

Biological sampling was continued during the year and thirty-one herd samples were submitted for examination.

All these samples proved negative for tuberculosis, whilst one was positive for *Brucella abortus*. This producer's milk is taken into the dairy for heat treatment so it was not necessary to issue any heat treatment order, the farmer being advised to call in veterinary advice.

(e) DISPOSAL OF CONDEMNED FOODS.

No change in the existing arrangements for the disposal waste food was found necessary. Meat from the slaughterhouses is left in the ownership of the traders and sent by them to approved processing plants or animal food dealers. Other types of foodstuffs are buried at the Council's tip.

SECTION H

INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT.

(a) COMPLAINTS

During 1960, 783 complaints were received at the Health Department. This figure compares with that of 738 in 1959 and 645 in 1958. The majority of the miscellaneous group were requests for help in the destruction of wasps' nests and came in during June to September.

The split up of the total is as follows:-

Choked drains	79
Housing defects	69
Defective dustbins	7
Rats present	445
Miscellaneous	183
	<u>783</u>

(b) VISITS MADE

Houses and premises inspected for the first time in 1960	207
Houses and premises revisited	440
Miscellaneous visits	1054
Visits re defective dustbins	241
Visits re new lengths of drainage	59
Drains tested with smoke or water	77
Visits re choked drains	576
Visits re conversion to the water carriage system	214
Visits re cases of Infectious Disease	844
Visits re disinfections	4
Visits re pest destruction	199
Visits re petroleum storage	146
Visits to slaughterhouses	1218
Visits to dairies	7
Visits to bakehouses	28
Visits re Food Hygiene Regulations	195
Visits re sale of ice cream	47
Visits re unsound food	234
Visits re sampling	212
Visits re Shops Act	250
Visits re rat destruction	446
Visits re overcrowding	18
Visits to factories	94
Total	6,810

(c) (i) HOUSING

After three years, in which the number of complaints about housing defects received at the department was below fifty, an increase was noted in 1960. The total of sixty-nine received in the year is, however, considered a low one for the size of the area.

Four individually unfit houses and one area comprising five houses were presented to the Council as being no longer fit for human habitation namely:-

	Adults	Children
'Ingledene', Ings Lane, Dunswell	1	2
34 Wilson Street, Anlaby	2	1
16 and 22, Crescent Street, Cottingham	4	5
1 5, Hawksley's Buildings, Cottingham	5	-

A public enquiry was held by the Minister of Housing and Local Government into objections received to the Council's Clearance Order relating to Numbers 1 - 8 Clark's Gardens, Hessle. The Minister confirmed the Order without alteration, at the same time, awarding well maintained payments for five of the houses.

(ii) Rent Act, 1957.

A few applications for Certificates of Disrepair were received during the year, although the number remains well below what might have been expected.

Number of applications for Certificates	14
Certificates issued	10
Applications for cancellation of Certificates	7
Certificates cancelled	6

(iii) Improvement Grants.

There was some increase in the number of applications for Standard Grant received in 1960 over that for 1959, although the number is still low. The following table sets out the details of the applications received:-

Total number of applications	19
Applications withdrawn	2
Applications approved	16
Applications pending	1

Improvements to be provided by the 16 approved schemes:-

Fixed Baths	Hot Water	Wash Hand Basins	Food Store	Water Closets
13	16	14	6	6

The maximum value of these grants amounted to £1,905

Four of the sixteen approved applications were in respect of tenanted houses, the remainder being made by owner/occupiers.

(iv) HOUSING INSPECTIONS

1. (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects under Public Health or Housing Acts.	106
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	158
2. (a) Number of dwellings (included in sub heading (1) above) which were inspected under Housing Consolidated Regulations.	42
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	51
3. Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	35
4. Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to in (3) above) found not to be in all respects fit for human habitation	53

(v) REMEDY OF DEFECTS.

1. Number of dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of Informal Action by the Local Authority	21
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(d) SANITARY ACCOMMODATION

The work at the remainder of the houses in Dunswell which were included in the scheme of conversions started in 1959 was completed during the year. This leaves only eight houses in Dunswell at which conversions could be carried out, still to be altered. One of these is a temporary type dwelling and at present empty, four are in a block and are being left at present because of recent settlement in the land at this point, two are in a very poor structural condition and the eighth in an owner/occupied house where the owner does not wish conversion to take place and where the estimated cost of the work is high.

(e) RODENT CONTROL

The number of complaints from householders about the presence of rats together with the requests for help from the occupiers of business premises was 445, this figure being slightly lower than that for 1959 which was 471.

All the treatments necessary as a result of these complaints together with the work at their own premises was carried out promptly and efficiently by the Council's rodent operative, Mr. C. Morton.

The annual sewer survey, carried out at the request of the Ministry, again revealed that the sewers were virtually free from rats.

The following table sets out the details of the operative's work: -

	Private Premises	Trade Premises	Council Premises	Sewers	Total
Number of visits	2113	138	101	316	2668
Number of ordinary baits laid	5934	1074	502	316	7826
Number of poison baits laid	6873	1304	593	-	8770
Estimated kill	1939	534	183	-	2656
Number of bodies recovered	374	74	32	-	480

(f) PEST CONTROL.

The advice of the department was sought over various kinds of pests during the year. Fortunately, most of the complaints were in respect of insects having more of a nuisance value than those having closer human connections. The Council's service of wasps' nest destruction at five shillings per nest was, as usual, much in demand in the summer months.

The detail of the enquiries was as follows:-

Wasps' and bees' nests	116
Flies	7
Woodworm	12
Rabbits	7
Beetles	6
Ants	6
Earwigs	1
Fleas	1
Miscellaneous	2

(g) FACTORIES

There were several changes in the factory register during the year, nine power factories being added and four deleted. The new trades included, welding, motor vehicle repairs, potato crisps, joinery, radio and television repairs and wooden box making, whilst the trades no longer carried on were brick making, baker, joiner and dry cleaner.

(9) FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 TO 1959

Part 1 of the Act

(1) INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors):

	No. on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Section 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	7	6	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	66	85	3	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	3	3	-	-
TOTAL	76	94	3	-

(2) CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Remedied	Referred To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	
Want of Cleanliness (S.1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient	1	1	-	1	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	2	1	1	1	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	3	2	1	2	-

OUTWORK

PART VIII OF THE ACT

Nature of Work	Section 110					Section 111		
	No. of Out-workers in August list required by Sec. 110(c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices served	Prosecutions		
Wearing apparel, making etc.	4	-	-	-	-	-		
Nets, other than wire nets	7	-	-	-	-	-		
TOTAL	11	-	-	-	-	-		

(h) REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL.

During the year the Harland Way tip was filled and tipping commenced on Jenny Brough Lane. The Harland Way tip is now being covered by material excavated from road and sewer schemes in the area.

The Engineer and Surveyor is responsible for the collection and disposal of refuse throughout the Urban District.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948.

A number of cases of aged persons living alone, without care and attention, were again referred to the Department for assistance.

With the help of the various welfare services, it was always found possible to make some satisfactory arrangements and statutory removal was in every case, fortunately, avoided.

MASS RADIOGRAPHY SURVEY.

In May, 1960 public sessions were held by the Mass Radiography Unit at Hessle and Anlaby. The combined findings from these two centres were as follows:-

	Male	Female	Total
Members of the Public	550	642	1,192
Local Government Employees, Police Etc.	14	7	21

Results: 1 Referred to Chest Clinic - Active post-primary pulmonary tuberculosis.
7 Inactive tuberculosis - No action required.
4 Non-Tuberculous chest abnormalities.
6 No significant abnormality - No action required.

The one active case found was a female aged forty-two who is now receiving treatment.

A further survey was carried out at Kirk Ella and Cottingham in November and the results will be published in the next Annual Report.

